UNIBANK S.A.

Consolidated Financial Statements

September 30, 2009 and 2008

(With Independent Auditors' Report Thereon)



Mérové-Pierre - Cabinet d'Experts-Comptables

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Independent Auditors' Report

The Board of Directors UNIBANK S.A.:

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of UNIBANK S.A. and its subsidiaries which comprise the consolidated balance sheet as of September 30, 2009, the consolidated statements of income and of comprehensive income, changes in shareholders' equity and cash flows for the year then ended and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory notes.

Management's responsibility for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards. This responsibility includes: designing, implementing and maintaining internal controls relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, selecting and consistently applying appropriate accounting policies; and making accounting estimates that are reasonable in the circumstances.

Auditors' responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal controls relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal controls. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.



The Board of Directors Page 2

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of UNIBANK S.A. and its subsidiaries as of September 30, 2009, and the results of their operations and their cash flows for the years then ended, in conformity with International Financial Reporting Standards.

Event subsequent to the balance sheet date

Without affecting the scope of the opinion expressed above, we wish to inform readers that on January 12th, 2010, an earthquake of strong intensity struck Haiti. As described in **note 23** of the consolidated financial statements, in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards, the financial consequences of the earthquake on the financial position and consolidated financial results of UNIBANK S.A. and its subsidiaries are not reflected in these financial statements since they do not have an impact on the consolidated financial position at September 30, 2009 and on their consolidated results for the year then ended. An assessment of the financial impact of this earthquake will be made, and will be reflected in the results and financial position in 2010.

Merox-Creane- Cabinet D'exPerts-Comptables

Port-au-Prince, December 18, 2009, except for note 23 which is dated January 12th, 2010

UNIBANK, S.A.
Consolidated Balance Sheets
September 30, 2009 and 2008
(Expressed in thousands of Haitian Gourdes)

	Notes		2009	2008
ASSETS	_	~		
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	5	G	10,477,227	9,744,436
BRH (Central Bank) BONDS, net	5		1,796,421	2,819,702
INVESTMENTS	6		6,265,230	5,151,997
LONG-TERM CORPORATE INVESTMENTS	7			
Affiliated companies			1,587,622	873,020
Others			10,134	10,810
			1,597,756	883,830
LOANS	8		9,954,434	8,749,583
Impairment provision			<u>(95,043</u>)	<u>(116,213</u>)
			9,859,391	8,633,370
FIXED ASSETS				
Fixed assets, at cost	9		2,221,829	2,003,551
Accumulated depreciation			(1,026,119)	(842,852)
•			1,195,710	1,160,699
OTHER				
Acceptances and letters of credit			398,028	737,846
Other assets	10		1,732,187	1,571,337
			2,130,215	2,309,183
		G	33,321,950	30,703,217
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY				
DEPOSITS	11		26,878,948	24,080,761
LONG-TERM DEBT	12		1,141,354	791,788
OTHER				
Term bonds	13		429,648	735,044
Commitments-acceptances and letters of credit			398,028	737,846
Other liabilities	14		1,377,665	1,352,111
			2,205,341	2,825,001
SUBORDINATED DEBT	15		368,165	553,558
TOTAL LIABILITIES		G	30,593,808	28,251,108
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY				
Paid-in capital			1,097,660	1,086,204
Treasury shares			(73,572)	(17,520)
Paid-in capital, net	16		1,024,088	1,068,684
Retained earnings			1,102,550	1,037,298
Other reserves			465,678	259,443
Shareholders' equity attributable				_
to equity holders of UNIBANK			2,592,316	2,365,425
Minority interest in subsidiaries	17		135,826	86,684
			2,728,142	2,452,109
		G	33,321,950	30,703,217

UNIBANK, S.A.
Consolidated Statements of Income
Years ended September 30, 2009 and 2008
(Expressed in thousands of Haitian Gourdes,
Except for net income per equivalent share)

	Notes		2009	2008
INTEREST INCOME				
Loans		\mathbf{G}	1,254,344	1,183,902
BRH (Central Bank) Bonds, investments	;			
and deposits			<u>251,928</u>	386,795
			1,506,272	1,570,697
INTEREST EXPENSE				
Deposits			40,604	101,244
Long-term debt, term bonds and others			<u>142,263</u>	169,164
			182,867	270,408
NET INTEREST INCOME			1,323,405	1,300,289
Impairment charge for losses on loan value	o		(17.912)	(0.807)
on toan value	8		(17,813) 1,305,592	(9,807) 1,290,482
			1,303,372	1,290,462
OTHER INCOME			007 100	001 256
Commissions Foreign evaluation gain			996,100	901,356
Foreign exchange gain Share of net income of non consolidated	1		222,813	219,365
affiliates, net of income taxes 7	ı		419,962	289,923
Other	6(c)		59,062	98,210
			1,697,937	1,508,854
NET INTEREST INCOME AND				
OTHER INCOME			3,003,529	2,799,336
OPERATING EXPENSES				
Salaries and other employee benefits	20		972,624	883,368
Premises and equipment			379,812	369,565
Depreciation	9		210,220	193,731
Other operating expenses			699,528	617,683
			2,262,184	2,064,347
INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAXES			741,345	734,989
INCOME TAXES - CURRENT	18		(134,354)	(184,757)
NET INCOME			606,991	550,232
Income attributable to UNIBANK's shareh	olders		521,340	512,876
Income attributable to minority interest			85,651	37,356
NET INCOME			606,991	550,232
Net income per equivalent share of paid-in attributable to Unibank's shareholders	n capital	G	2,029	2,013

UNIBANK, S.A.
Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income
Years ended September 30, 2009 and 2008
(Expressed in thousands of Haitian Gourdes)

Notes	2009	2008
Net Income	G 606,991	550,232
Other elements of comprehensive income:		
Foreign currency translation effect for foreign subsidiaries Net change of unrealized gain (loss) on available- for-sale-investments:	49,737	21,268
Net change of unrealized gain (loss) on investments	7,979	(2,394)
Net change in fair value of available-for-sale-investments	S	
transferred to statement of income	<u>(899</u>)	
	<u> 7,080</u>	<u>(2,394</u>)
Income taxes on other comprehensive income	(2,124)	-
Other comprehensive income for the period,		
net of income tax	54,693	18,874
Total comprehensive income for the period	661,684	569,106
Total comprehensive income attributable		
to Unibank's shareholders	575,891	531,488
Total comprehensive income attributable		
to minority interest	85,793	37,618
PROFIT FOR THE PERIOD	661,684	569,106
Net comprehensive income per equivalent		
share of capital	2,240	2,085

UNIBANK, S.A.
Consolidated Statements of Changes in Shareholders' Equity
Years ended September 30, 2008
(Expressed in thousands of Haitian Gourdes)

					Other reserves							
	Paid-in capital	Treasury shares	Paid-in surplus	Retained earnings	Legal reserve	General reserve for loan losses	Revaluation reserve land	Unrealized (loss) gain on investments	Translation adjustment	Total reserves	Minority interest in subsidiaries	Total
Balance as of September 30												
and October 1 ^{er} , 2007	G 407,327	(5,040)	376,958	936,408	224,545	40,000	24,911	1,495	38,678	329,629	67,435	2,112,717
Statement of extended results for the year	:											
Net income for the year	_	-	-	512,876	-	-	-	-	_	-	37,356	550,232
Other elements of comprehensive income:												
Foreign currency translation effect for												
foreign subsidiaries	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	21,006	21,006	262	21,268
Net change in fair value of available-												
for sale on investment, net of tax								<u>(2,394</u>)		(2,394)		<u>(2,394</u>)
Total				<u>512,876</u>				<u>(2,394</u>)	<u>21,006</u>	18,612	<u>37,618</u>	<u>569,106</u>
Transfer of retained earnings to capital												
Transfer to legal reserve	-	-	-	(98,247)	98,247	-	-	-	-	98,247	-	-
Transfer to general reserve for loan losses	-	-	-	(37,500)	-	37,500	-	-	-	37,500	-	-
Transactions with shareholders:												
Cash dividends	-	-	-	(201,143)	-	-	-	-	_	-	(18,369)	(219,512)
Acquisition of shares	-	(1,530)	(8,672)	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(10,202)
Transfer of paid in surplus to capital	368,286		(368,286)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfer of retained earnings to capital	86,046	(10,950)	-	(75,096)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfer from legal reserve to capital	224,545	-	-	-	(224,545)				-	(224,545)	<u>-</u>	
Balance as of September 30, 2008	G 1,086,204	(17,520)	-	1,037,298	98,247	77,500	24,911	(899)	59,684	259,443	86,684	2,452,109

UNIBANK, S.A.
Consolidated Statements of Changes in Shareholders' Equity
Years ended September 30, 2009
(Expressed in thousands of Haitian Gourdes)

					Other reserves							
	Paid-in capital		Paid-in surplus		Legal reserve	General reserve for loan losses	Revaluation- reserve land	Unrealized (loss) gain on investment	Translation adjustment	Total reserves	Minority interest in Subsidiaries	Total
Balance as of September 30, and October 1 ^{er} , 2008	G 1,086,204	(17,520)	-	1,037,298	98,247	77,500	24,911	(899)	59,684	259,443	86,684	2,452,109
Statement of extended results for the year:												
Net income for the year	-	-	-	521,340	-	-	-	-	-	-	85,651	606,991
Other elements of comprehensive income:												
Foreign translation effect for foreign subsidiar	ries -	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	49,595	49,595	142	49,737
Net change in fair value of available-for-sale								- 0				- 0
on investments, net of tax	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5,855	-	5,855	-	5,855
Realized gain transferred to statement								(900)		(900)		(900)
of income Total				521,340				(899) 4,956	49,595	(899) 54,551	85,793	(899) 661,684
Totai				<u>521,540</u>				4,930	49,393	<u> </u>	05,795	001,004
Transfer of retained earnings to capital												
Transfer to legal reserve	-	-	-	(106,375)	106,375	-	-	-	-	106,375	-	-
Transfer to general reserve for loan losses	-	-	-	(45,309)	-	45,309	-	-	-	45,309	-	-
Transactions with shareholders:												
Cash dividends	-	-	-	(220,416)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(35,599)	(256,015)
Acquisition of shares	-	(56,052)	(101,172)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(1,052)	(158,276)
Sale of shares	11,456	-	17,184	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	28,640
Transfer to retained earnings	-	-	83,988	(83,988)	-		-			-		
Balance as of September 30, 2009	G 1,097,660	(73,572)	-	1,102,550	204,622	122,809	24,911	4,057	109,279	465,678	135,826	2,728,142

UNIBANK, S.A. Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows Years ended September 30, 2009 and 2008 (Expressed in thousands of Haitian Gourdes)

	Notes	2009	2008
OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Net income for the year		G 606,991	550,232
Adjustments to determine net cash flows			
provided by operating activities:			
Share of net income of non consolidated affiliates	7	(427,031)	(289,923)
Depreciation of fixed assets	9	210,220	193,731
Impairment charge for credit loss	8	17,813	9,807
Gain on fixed assets disposals		(5,054)	(2,203)
Loss (gain) on disposals of properties held for sale Effect of reevaluation of impairment	10	2,590	(1,443)
losses in US dollars	8	3,175	9,831
Changes in other assets and liabilities resulting		-, -	- ,
from operating activities:			
Net increase in deposits		2,798,187	4,671,040
Decrease (increase) in BRH bonds, net		1,023,281	(310,722)
Disbursements of loans, net		(1,247,009)	(1,756,949)
Increase in investments		(1,106,150)	(1,008,334)
Changes in other assets and liabilities		(93,291)	18,968
Income taxes paid		(46,722)	(84,301)
Net cash flows provided by operating activities		1,737,000	1,999,734
INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Acquisition of fixed assets	9	(263,189)	(371,044)
Proceeds from fixed assets disposals	_	24,064	12,765
Translation adjustment – fixed assets		(1,052)	(2,227)
Translation adjustment for the year		49,595	21,006
Translation adjustment attributable to minority interes	st 17	142	262
Dividends received from non consolidated affiliates		93,333	46,668
Increase of long-term corporate investments		(380,228)	-
Net cash flows used in investing activities		(477,335)	(292,570)
FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Increase in long-term debt		349,566	608,635
(Decrease) increase in term bonds		,	
and subordinated debt		(490,789)	191,518
Payment of cash dividends		(220,416)	(201,143)
Cash dividend-minority interest		(35,599)	(18,369)
Sales of shares		28,640	-
Repurchase of shares		(158,276)	(10,202)
Net cash flows (used in) provided by		(<u>100,210</u>)	(10, <u>202</u>)
financing activities		(526,874)	570,439
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		732,791	2,277,603
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		9,505,034	7,115,102
Effect of exchange rate fluctuations on cash and			
cash equivalents at beginning of year		239,402	351,731

1) ORGANIZATION

UNIBANK S.A. is a banking corporation owned by private Haitian investors. Its activities consist of all banking operations including, credit and foreign exchange, in Haiti and outside of Haiti, within the limits authorized by the banking laws. The official authorization, the bank license and by-laws were published in the Haitian official gazette, Le Moniteur, respectively on March 8, 1993, December 28, 1994, September 18, 1995, February 17, 1997, June 3, 2002, January 24, 2005 and June 18, 2009. The Head Office of the Bank is located at 157, rue Faubert Pétion-Ville, Haiti.

UNIFINANCE S.A. (merchant/investment banking services); CAPITAL CONSULT S.A. (consulting services); UNICREDIT S.A. (consumer finance company); UNICARTE S.A. (credit card company); UNITRANSFER S.A. (HAITI), and UNITRANSFER INTERNATIONAL, (money remittance companies); MICRO CRÉDIT NATIONAL S.A. (micro-finance institution); SNI MINOTERIE S.A. (investment company held by UNIFINANCE S.A.); IMMOBILIER S.A. (IMSA) (real estate promotion company), CENTRALE IMMOBILIÈRE S.A. (real estate management services), UNIASSURANCES S.A. (insurance company, 2008); and GROUPE FINANCIER NATIONAL S.A. (management of the Group and non-banking investments, 2009) are subsidiaries of UNIBANK S.A., and their operations are consolidated in these financial statements.

In 2006, Unibank shareholders created **FONDATION UNIBANK**, a non-profit philanthropic institution, with the goal of helping and participating in the development of philanthropy in Haiti. During its first years of operations, the Foundation is financed by advances and donations from UNIBANK S.A. It is not consolidated in the current financial statements.

2) BASIS OF PREPARATION

(a) Accounting framework

The consolidated financial statements of UNIBANK S.A. and subsidiaries (the Group) were prepared in conformity with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS).

The consolidated financial statements include the assets and liabilities as well as the results of the operations and the cash flows of UNIBANK and its subsidiaries.

2) BASIS FOR FINANCIAL STATEMENT PREPARATION (CONTINUED)

(a) Accounting framework (continued)

Subsidiaries are entities controlled by the Group. An entity is controlled by the Group when it has the power to govern the financial and operating policies of the entity. The financial statements of subsidiaries are included in the consolidated financial statements from the date that control has been effectively transferred to the Group. All intercompany balances and transactions are eliminated. The equity and net income attributable to minority interest in subsidiaries are shown separately in the consolidated financial statements. A list of the Group's subsidiaries is presented in **note 17**.

The consolidated financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on January 10, 2010.

(b) <u>Basis of measurement</u>

These consolidated financial statements are presented on a historical cost basis, with the exception of investments available for sale (**note 6**), which are presented at fair value and land presented at reevalued amounts (**note 9**).

The methods used to measure the fair value are described in the corresponding notes.

(c) Functional and presentation currency

The consolidated financial statements are presented in Haitian Gourdes which is the Group's functional currency. The financial information reported has been rounded to the nearest thousand.

(d) <u>Use of estimates and judgment</u>

In preparing these consolidated financial statements in conformity with International Financial Reporting Standards, management must make estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses of the year. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

2) BASIS FOR FINANCIAL STATEMENT PREPARATION (CONTINUED)

(d) <u>Use of estimates and judgment (continued)</u>

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed periodically. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimate is revised and in any future periods affected. In particular, information about significant areas of estimation and critical judgement in applying accounting policies that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognized in the consolidated financial statements are included in the following notes:

Note 3 (o) General risk reserves

Note 6 Investments

Notes 3 (e) and 8 Loans - provisions for impairment

Note 9 Fixed assets

Note 10 Other Assets – Goodwill

According to management, the consolidated financial statements were prepared on an adequate basis using fair judgment in all material respects and in accordance with the accounting principles summarized below.

3) SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies set out below have been applied consistently to all periods presented in these consolidated financial statements, and have been applied consistently by the Group's entities. Some comparative figures were reclassified for presentation purpose only.

(a) Conversion of foreign currencies

Monetary assets and liabilities stated in foreign currencies are translated in Haitian Gourdes at exchange rates prevailing at year end. Gains and losses resulting from this translation are included in the consolidated statement of income, with the exception of the foreign exchange effect related to investments held for sale which are recognized in shareholders' equity and in the statement of extended results.

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rate in effect at the transaction date. Gains and losses related to exchange operations are recorded in the consolidated statement of income.

3) SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(a) Conversion of foreign currencies (continued)

The financial statements of entities incorporated outside of Haïti, Unitransfer International and SNI Minoterie S.A., expressed in US dollars, were translated in the currency of presentation of the consolidated financial statements. All assets and liabilities in foreign currency are translated in local currency at the official year end exchange rate; revenues and expenses are translated at the average exchange rate for the year, which approximates the effective exchange rates on the dates of transactions. Translation adjustments resulting from this process are recorded directly in the translation adjustment account, a component of shareholders' equity and in the statement of extended results.

The financial statements presented in annexes I, II and III were translated in US dollars according to the latest requirements of International Financial Reporting Standards. Under actual requirements of this standard, assets and liabilities are translated at year-end exchange rate. Net assets accounts other than net income for the year are translated at year-end exchange rates. Income and expenses are translated at the average rate of exchange. All exchange differences resulting from such translation are reflected as a separate component in shareholders' equity and in the statement of extended results.

(b) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are short term highly liquid investments which are readily convertible into known amounts of cash without notice and which are within three (3) months of maturity when acquired. These are reflected at cost.

(c) Investments

Investments are composed of foreign and local investments.

Foreign investments are composed mainly of US Treasury and Federal Agency Bonds, Treasury Bills, corporate bonds and securities, and term deposits. Local investments consist of term bonds and shares issued by local companies. They are classified and measured as follows:

3) SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(c) <u>Investments (continued)</u>

Held to maturity investments

Held to maturity investments are non derivative instruments with fixed and determined payments, with fixed maturity that the Bank has the capacity and intention to hold on until maturity. Held to maturity investments are recorded at amortized cost. Unrealized holding gains and losses on investments held to maturity are not recorded but are disclosed in the consolidated financial statements.

Investments at fair value through profit or loss

Foreign investments are designated by Management upon initial recognition as being at fair value through profit or loss. These investments are managed and their performance evaluated on a fair value basis consistent with the investment strategy and information is provided internally on this basis to key management personnel. These investments are measured at fair value based upon market quotations. Gains and losses realized on sales of these investments, as well as the fluctuations in fair values are included in the consolidated statement of income.

Available for sale investments

The available for sale investments are those other than the held to maturity investments and those designated by Management as being fair value through profit and loss. Available for sale investments are recorded at their fair value based upon market quotations. The changes in fair value of this portfolio is reflected separately as a component of shareholders' equity and in the statement of extended results.

Gains and losses realized on sales of investments, as well as other than temporary decline in the value of the investments are included in the determination of income of the year in which they occur.

(d) <u>Long-term corporate investments</u>

Long-term corporate investments represent long-term investments in various companies. **Affiliated companies** are those for which the Group maintains significant influence but does not control their financial and operational policies. A significant influence exists if the Group controls between 20% to 50% of voting rights of an entity. A **joint venture** is an entity where the Group shares control with another entity or Group.

(3) <u>SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)</u>

(d) Long-term corporate investments (continued)

Affiliated companies and joint ventures are initially recorded at cost and are subsequently measured using the equity method. This method consists in recording the investment at cost, recognizing its share of income or loss as it is earned and reducing the investment by dividends declared or paid.

Other corporate investments with ownership of less than 20% ownership are recorded at cost.

Gain and losses realized on sales of corporate investments, as well as other than temporary declines are included in the determination of consolidated income of the year in which they occur.

(e) <u>Loans</u>

Originated loans are presented at their amortized cost. Interest income is recorded on the accrual basis of accounting.

Non-productive loans are those for which interest accrual has been discontinued. Non-performing loans are restored to an accrual basis when principal and interest payments are current and there is no longer any doubt regarding recovery based on Management's opinion.

Restructured loans are those for which the bank has revised the terms due to deterioration in the financial situation of the borrower. Interest income on restructured loans is recorded on a cash basis. These loans are reclassified as regular loans, if the terms of the restructuring are adhered to during this period and if regular loan classification criteria are consistent.

Loans are written off when all restructuring and collection efforts are completed and it is unlikely that other amounts will be recovered. Recoveries of loans written off are recorded in the impairment provision in the consolidated balance sheet. Credit card and micro finance loans are written off when they are in arrears for 270 days and 180 days respectively.

At balance sheet date, the Group assesses whether there is objective evidence of impairment in the loan portfolio. A loan is impaired when objective evidence demonstrates that a loss event has occurred after the initial recognition of the loan and that the loss event has an impact on the future cash flows of the loan. The Group considers evidence of impairment both individually for significant loans and on a collective level for loans with similar credit risks.

(3) SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(e) <u>Loans (continued)</u>

The bank establishes an impairment provision on loans taking into account observable data, such as default or delinquency by a borrower, collateral value, future recovery possibilities, the financial situation of the borrower, as well as other observable data relating to a group of borrowers that correlate with defaults in the group. This provision is also based on Management's experience and judgment.

Loans are presented net of the impairment provision. This provision is increased by the charge for impairment loss recorded in the consolidated statement of income and decreased by write-offs net of recoveries, and net of the translation adjustments resulting from the revaluation of the provision for loan losses in US dollars.

The bank meets the Central Bank's requirements on provisions as defined in Circular 87. When the required provision for loan losses in accordance with the Central Bank's regulations exceeds the estimate of impairment based on the assessment of recoverable amount, the surplus of provision is recorded in the general reserve for loan losses account, reflected in net assets (**note 3 o**)

(f) Fixed assets

Fixed assets are recorded at cost, except for land which, at the end of year ended September 30, 2000, has been revalued and stated to fair value in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (no. 16). Except for land, leasehold improvements and investments in progress, depreciation is calculated based on the estimated useful life using the straight-line method. Leasehold improvements are amortized over the lease terms using the straight-line method. Investments in progress will be depreciated over their estimated useful life from the time they are put in use.

Fair value of land has been determined based on appraisals made by independent real estate appraisers. The book value has been adjusted to the average appraised market values. The revaluation surplus has been recorded, net of deferred income taxes, in the revaluation reserve-land, a separate account of shareholders' equity **note** (3 **p**).

Depreciation rates applied to the main categories of fixed assets are as follows:

Buildings	2.5% - 5.0%
Furniture and equipments	20%
Computer equipments	20%
Software	20% - 100%
Leasehold improvements	10% - 20%
Vehicles	25%

(3) SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(f) Fixed assets (continued)

Major expenses for improvements and reconditioning are capitalized and expenses for maintenance and repairs are charged to expenses.

Gain or losses realized on disposal of fixed assets are recognized in the consolidated statement of income. When revaluated land and buildings are sold, the relative surplus, reflected in the revaluation reserve, is transferred to earnings.

(g) Properties held for sale

Properties held for sale, reflected in other assets, consist of land and buildings obtained in settlement of unpaid loans or repossessed. They are reflected at the lower of their estimated fair value or cost which is equivalent to the balance of the unpaid loans plus interest receivable at the time of default, plus recovery fees incurred by the Bank.

The carrying value of these assets is reviewed at each balance sheet date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. In case of impairment, the carrying value is adjusted to the net realizable value which is equivalent to the estimated selling price in the normal course of business.

Fair value is estimated based on appraisals from independent real estate appraisers.

(h) Goodwill

Goodwill reflected in other assets represents the excess of the cost of acquisition over the fair value of the net identifiable assets acquired. In accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (no.3), goodwill is no longer depreciated as of financial year 2005. Impairment loss on goodwill is recognized in the consolidated statement of income. Management believes that there is no significant decrease in the book value of goodwill as of the date of these consolidated financial statements.

(i) Acceptances and letters of credit

The bank's potential liability with respect to trade acceptances and letters of credit is reflected as a liability on the consolidated balance sheet. The bank's recourse against its customers in the case of a call on these commitments is reported as an asset for the same amount.

(3) <u>SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)</u>

(j) Deposits and subordinated debts

Customers' deposits and subordinated debts are recorded at cost. The estimated fair value of these liabilities is assumed to be equal to their carrying values since the rates are not materially different from current market rates.

(k) Paid-in capital

Paid-in capital reported in the statement of shareholders' equity is composed of common shares. Following an Extraordinary General Assembly decision on December 5, 2008, effective as of September 30, 2008, the share capital was increased by integrating the legal reserve, the paid-in surplus and part of retained earnings as of September 30, 2008, as authorized by the Central Bank of Haïti.

(l) Paid-in surplus

The excess over par value, received or paid by the bank in capital stock transactions, is recorded in paid-in surplus. Paid-in surplus is decreased, when capital is increased or treasury shares purchased, for the excess of the purchase price over the nominal value of these shares. This surplus is charged to retained earnings when the paid-in surplus becomes negative.

(m) Treasury shares

Treasury shares represent shares repurchased by the Bank at the market rate. These shares are reflected at their par value.

(n) Legal reserve

In agreement with the law on financial institutions, a minimum amount of 10% of income before income taxes, reduced by prior years losses, if any, is transferred every year in a reserve account in order to constitute the legal reserve, until such reserve reaches a maximum of 50% of the paid-in capital. Following an Extraordinay General Assembly decision on December 5, 2008, effective as of September 30, 2008, authorized by the Central Bank, the legal reserve of UNIBANK as of September 30, 2008 was transferred to paid-in capital.

(3) SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(o) General reserve for loan losses

The general reserve for loan losses was created by direct transfer from retained earnings and represents the excess of the provision required by the Central Bank to cover potential loan losses and the general provision for loan losses over the assessment of impairment losses based on International Financial Reporting Standards. This reserve is not subject to distribution.

(p) Revaluation reserve-land

The revaluation surplus on land is reflected in the revaluation reserve-land, a component of shareholders' equity. This surplus will be transferred to retained earnings upon disposals of the land. All revaluation losses will be recorded directly as expenses in the consolidated statement of income unless they relate to an existing revaluation surplus for same land, in which case the revaluation loss will first be applied to the revaluation reserve-land.

(q) <u>Interest</u>

Interest income and expenses are accounted for using the effective interest method. These interests include primarily interest income on loans, investments and deposits, as well as interest expenses on deposits and term and subordinated obligations.

Interest income is accounted for on the accrual basis. However when a loan is classified as non accrual (past due 90 days or more), accrued but uncollected interest is reversed against income of the current period. Thereafter, interest income is recognized only after the loan reverts to performing status. Interest income on credit cards are capitalized up to 270 days, after this period the balance due and unpaid is written off.

(r) Commissions

Commission income and expenses which are similar to service fees are recognized in income when the services are rendered.

Commissions that are material to the effective interest rate of a financial asset or liability are included in the measurement of the effective interest rate.

(3) <u>SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)</u>

(s) Income taxes

Income taxes are calculated on the consolidated income for the year and comprise current and deferred income taxes. Current income taxes are taxes payable on the taxable income for the year using statutory tax rates and other adjustments that may affect income taxes payable. Deferred income taxes resulting from timing differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for tax purposes are reflected in other liabilities, if any.

In conformity with IFRS no. 12, income tax expense is recognized in the consolidated statement of income except to the extent that it relates to items of extended results, in which case it is recorded therein. Items of extended results are reflected net of tax, except for the effect of translation of foreign subsidiaries which is not subject to income taxes, because it is unlikely that the temporary difference will reverse in the foreseeable future.

The Bank has recorded deferred income taxes resulting from land revaluations in other assets and liabilities. The related amounts will be reversed at the sale of this land.

(t) Regulatory reserve

According to the reserve requirements of the Central Bank of Haïti, in 2009 a minimum of 29% of liabilities in local currency and 34% of liabilities in foreign currency must be held in deposits at the Central Bank. In 2008, the ratio was 30% of liabilities in local currency and 31% of liabilities in foreign currency. Reserves calculated on liabilities in local currency are kept in the same currency whereas 30% of the reserve required in foreign currency is kept in local currency.

(u) Net income per equivalent share of paid-in capital

Net income per equivalent share of paid-in capital is calculated by dividing net income by the weighted average of equivalent common shares outstanding during the year.

(v) New Standards, modifications and interpretations not yet adopted

As of the date of these consolidated financial statements, certain standards, amendment to standards, and interpretations have been issued but not yet adopted as of September 30, 2009. They have not been applied in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements and should not have an important impact on the Group's consolidated financial statements.

(4) <u>RISK MANAGEMENT</u>

The financial risks which the bank must manage are the following: liquidity risk, credit risk and market risk including interest rate risks, foreign exchange risk and the risk of fair value.

The Board of Directors has the ultimate responsibility to establish and oversee the Bank's risk management framework. The Board has established the following committees which are responsible for monitoring the Bank's management policies in their respective areas:

- Credit Committee: The Credit Committee has the authority and responsibility to
 approve and reject credit requests, modify credit terms and approve the limits and
 the credit commitments. This committee defines the Bank's credit policies,
 ensures credit risk management and monitors the quality of the credit portfolio.
- Credit Risks and Loan Review Committee: This committee has the authority to evaluate the degree of inherent risks and decide on the rating of credit files, the strategy, the frequency of credit account reviews, write-offs, sign-offs, and on all actions to undertake in order to protect the Bank against the risk of credit loss.
- Asset Liability Management Committee (ALCO): This Committee has put in place a prudent policy for managing liquidities, foreign exchange and interest rate risks. Within this committee, key Management personnel meet weekly to discus financial position and decide on interest rates, foreign exchange and investments.
- Audit Committee: UNIBANK's Audit Committee is responsible for monitoring
 the process of preparing financial information, overseeing the efficiency of the
 internal control system, internal audit and risk management policies and
 supervising annual reporting on a consolidated basis.
- Compliance Committee: The Compliance Committee oversees that the Bank's policies and procedures are in adherence to the laws, the bank's Code of Ethics and other regulations. It is also responsible to oversee that Unibank is in compliance with the laws and ensures that appropriate Anti-Money Laundering policies and procedures are implemented and followed.

(4) RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

The Group's risk management policies are established to identify and analyze the risks faced by the Group, to set appropriate risk limits and controls, and to monitor risks and adherence to limits. Risk Management policies and systems are reviewed regularly to reflect changes in market conditions, products and services offered. The Group, through its training and management standards and procedures, aims to develop a disciplined and constructive control environment in which all employees understand their roles and obligations.

The quantitative and qualitative disclosures do not include the investment in subsidiaries and joint ventures measured at equity in accordance with IFRS 27, 28 and 31 which are not within the scope of IFRS 7.

A. LIQUIDITY RISK

If Unibank does not have sufficient liquidity to meet its current obligations, it is then exposed to liquidity risk. Prudent and effective management of liquidity is therefore an essential element of the bank's policy to maintain market confidence and protect its capital.

To manage this risk, the Asset – Liability Management Committee – ALCO of Unibank has put in place a prudent and dynamic policy of cash management which allows the bank to have sufficient liquidity to meet its current obligations as they become due. In addition, Management closely monitors the maturity of deposits and loans as well as other ressources and claims against those ressources so as to ensure a proper matching between ressources and obligations, while complying with the statutory requirements applicable to the bank and its subsidiaries.

The bank's cash management policy ensures constant monitoring of the bank's liquidities and a dynamic management of its short-term and long-term liquidity needs. This monitoring is performed by the Treasury Department, under close supervision of the Bank's Asset - Liability Management Committee. This committee meets weekly, and as needed, to analyze the reserve and liquidity position of the bank, to take the appropriate decisions and amend the cash management policy when necessary.

As of September 30, 2009 and 2008, Unibank complies with the Central Bank's liquidity regulations: it produces daily reports to the Central Bank, maintains the statutory reserves required by Circular 78 (**note 3 t**) and respects the maximum ratio (50%) of loans to liabilities in foreign currency required by Circular 97 of the Central Bank.

(4) RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

A. <u>LIQUIDITY RISK (CONTINUED)</u>

The maturity profile of the Bank's financial liabilities based on their initial contractual maturity is as follows as of September 30:

September 30, 2009

			6 months-	More than	
(In thousands of gourde	es) 0-3months	3-6 months	one year	a year	Total
Deposits (note 11):					
Demand deposits	G 10,252,667	-	-	-	10,252,667
Savings accounts	12,313,985	-	-	-	12,313,985
Term deposits	1,101,102	<u>1,488,281</u>	1,722,913		4,312,296
	23,667,754	<u>1,488,281</u>	<u>1,722,913</u>		<u>26,878,948</u>
Term loans (note 12)	1,052,696	-	-	88,658	1,141,354
Term bonds (note 13)	-	-	429,648	-	429,648
Commitments-Acceptance	es				
and letters of credit	398,028	-	-	-	398,028
Subordinated debts	-	-	-	368,165	368,165
Other liabilities	1,275,298			86,065	1,361,363
	2,726,022		429,648	542,888	<u>3,698,558</u>
	G <u>26,393,776</u>	1,488,281	<u>2,152,561</u>	542,888	30,577,506

September 30, 2008

			6 months-	More than	
(In thousands of gourde	es) 0-3months	s 3-6 months	one year	a year	Total
Deposits (note 11):					
Demand deposits	G 8,743,883	-	-	-	8,743,883
Savings accounts	10,899,609	-	-	-	10,899,609
Term deposits	1,580,170	622,662	2,234,437		4,437,269
	21,223,662	622,662	<u>2,234,437</u>		<u>24,080,761</u>
Term loans (note 12)	599,303	-	-	192,485	791,788
Term bonds	-	-	735,044	-	735,044
Commitments-Acceptance	es				
and letters of credit	737,846	· -	-	-	737,846
Subordinated debts	_	-	-	553,558	553,558
Other liabilities	1,282,383			<u>69,728</u>	1,352,111
	2,619,532	<u> </u>	<u>735,044</u>	815,771	4,170,347
	G 23,843,194	622,662	<u>2,969,481</u>	815,771	<u>28,251,108</u>

(4) RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

B. CREDIT RISK

Credit risk results from the inability of a borrower to fulfill its financial or contractual obligations toward the bank.

To manage this risk, Unibank has put in place various policies and procedures which allows a strict and systematic monitoring of its loan portfolio, and other assets.

The maximum exposure to credit risk relates to the following principal financial assets:

(In thousands of gourdes)		2009	2008
Cash and cash equivalents (note 5)			
Deposits with BRH and BNC	G	8,482,578	7,500,046
Deposits in foreign banks		894,260	1,131,097
Items in transit		336,664	367,670
		9,713,502	8,998,813
Investments			
BRH (Central Bank) bonds, net (note 5)		1,796,421	2,819,702
Foreign investments (note 6)		6,136,552	5,037,659
Local investments (note 6)		128,678	114,338
		8,061,651	<u>7,971,699</u>
Credit			
Loans (note 8)		9,859,391	8,633,370
Acceptances and letters of credit		398,028	737,846
		10,257,419	<u>9,371,216</u>
Other assets (note 10)			
Gourdes counter part of currencies			
to deliver		368,165	553,558
Receivable - DINASA		292,416	-
Advance to executives and managers		127,583	-
Receivable – Transfer agent		84,666	114,013
Interest receivable		90,443	131,912
Advance to Fondation UNIBANK		79,000	84,000
Advances to suppliers and other		32,357	39,684
Dividends receivable		8,049	-
Account receivable from related companies		<u>290</u>	2,859
		1,082,969	926,026
Total financial assets	G	29,115,541	27,267,754

(4) RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

B. CREDIT RISK (CONTINUED)

i. Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are held at important financial institutions that the Bank considers as being solid. The financial viability of these institutions is reviewed periodically by the Asset and Liability Management Committee. As of September 30, 2009 and 2008, 87% and 83% of these cash and cash equivalents are kept at the Central Bank as reserve coverage.

Monetary policies adopted by the Central Bank of Haïti or the Federal Reserve Bank in the United States of America or other territories where the Bank holds financial assets at any time may have an impact on the Bank's activities, results or financial position.

ii. Investment

Investment risk occurs when a security looses value due to unfavorable financial performance, real or expected, of the issuer. To manage this risk, Unibank has developed and put in place policies and procedures which define clearly the nature and quality of the investments Management may select.

The main aspects of the bank's policy may be summarized as follows:

- Invest in negotiable instruments, which have superior credit ratings, are highly liquid, readily marketable and with minimal risk of capital loss.
- Invest in overseas banks and/or in investment grade securities (AAA, AA, A, BBB) such as US Treasury Bonds, or certificates of deposits issued by prime American or European banks. Corporate securities (bonds, commercial paper, asset backed securities) must be "investment grade".
- Invest in Haïti in BRH (Central Bank) bonds.
- Avoid taking positions which are speculative.
- Avoid concentration by amount and by financial institution. In that respect, limits are established by the Investment Policy.

(4) RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

B. CREDIT RISK (CONTINUED)

ii. <u>Investment (continued)</u>

The Bank considers BRH bonds, United States Government and Federal Agencies bonds as risk free. Equity instruments, investments in corporate bonds and other similar instruments are considered as moderate risk investments while having an "Investment Grade" classification. To monitor this risk, the Group invests in instruments which they master the operational and financial mechanisms, with a return proportionate to the risks. The financial information is reviewed periodically to evaluate the viability of these investments.

iii. Credit

Credit risk is managed by the Credit Committee through the credit policy which it has defined. The Credit Committee, which includes executive officers who are members of the Board, meets weekly and as needed to decide on loan approval requests, renewals or amendments to existing facilities. In addition to Credit Administration, the approval process is also reinforced by the existence of a unit of control and evaluation of credit risk named "Credit Risk Management". This unit, which reports directly to the Bank's Management, independently reviews credit files to evaluate supporting documentation and assess credit quality and risks.

Unibank's ability to manage credit losses is ensured through an appropriate diversification of risks, the type of guarantees obtained, sufficient shareholders' equity and allowance for loan losses. The guarantees required from the borrowers also constitute an important factor of risk coverage, since an important part of the portfolio of loans is covered by a lien on top quality tangible assets.

As of September 30, 2009 and 2008, the bank complies with BRH prudential regulations: Circular no. 87 on loan classification and calculation of provision for loan losses, Circular 83-4 on credit concentration which limits the credit by borrower and by economic sector to a percentage of the bank shareholders' equity.

(4) RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

B. CREDIT RISK (CONTINUED)

iv. Other assets

The Bank considers the credit risk related to other financial assets as low.

v. Geographic allocation of financial risk

The geographic allocation of financial risk based on the ultimate location of assets is as follows:

(In thousand of gourdes)	2009	2008
Cash and cash equivalents		
Haïti	G 8,821,860	7,842,332
United States	591,375	776,475
Europe	142,072	307,942
Canada	151,947	66,202
Dominican Republic	6,248	5,862
	9,713,502	8,998,813
Investments		
Haïti	1,921,600	2,934,040
United States	6,140,051	4,917,798
Europe		119,861
	<u>8,061,651</u>	7,971,699
Credit		
Haïti	<u>10,257,419</u>	9,371,216
Other assets		
Haïti	1,082,969	926,026
Total financial assets	G 29,115,541	27,267,754

(4) RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

C. MARKET RISK

Market risk arises from price fluctuations on the market and encompasses mainly interest rate risks, foreign exchange risk and the risk of fair value of financial instruments. The Bank's objective is to manage these risks within acceptable parameters in order to be profitable and to maximize its return on investment while preserving shareholders' equity and guaranteeing deposits.

i. Interest rate risk

This risk is related to any possible incidence of interest rates fluctuations on the net income and consequently, on shareholders' equity. It results from the inability to adjust interest rates as market evolves, to the extent that net interest margin decreases significantly or becomes negative.

In terms of interest rate management, the bank's credit portfolio is placed at variable interest rates, which allows the bank to adjust them, at its sole discretion, in response to market conditions. Furthermore, about 65% of the credit portfolio has a maturity of 12 months or less allowing the bank to minimize the risks of conversion between sources use, the objective being to reduce the unfavorable impact of a fluctuation in interest rates on the results and net position of the bank.

Fluctuations of interest rates do not have a significant effect on demand deposits, (gourdes and dollars) which essentially do not bear interest and on savings accounts (gourdes and dollars). These deposits represent respectively 38% and 46% of the total deposit portfolio of Unibank as of September 30, 2009 and 36% and 45% as of September 30, 2008, which constitutes respectively 84% and 81% of total deposits.

Moreover, the bank's management ensures an effective management of interest rates on the following portfolios:

- Loans to and deposits from the bank's customers;
- Local investments comprised of BRH bonds and interbank loans;
- Foreign investments which are adjusted as market conditions evolve;
- Subordinated debts.

The matching of interest rates applied to these portfolios is reviewed regularly by Unibank's Management who determines the appropriate position of the Bank with respect to any anticipated fluctuations in interest rates and ensures appropriate coverage of any interest rate risks.

(4) RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

C. MARKET RISK (CONTINUED)

i. Interest rate risk (continued)

At the end of the period, the interest profile on the principal financial instruments was as follows:

(In thousands of gourdes)	%	2009		2008
Fixed interest rate:				
Financial assets	22%	G 4,483,131	26%	4,779,072
Financial liabilities	23%	<u>5,110,109</u>	30%	<u>5,814,528</u>
Net		<u>(626,978</u>)		(<u>1,035,456</u>)
Variable interest rate:				
Financial assets	78%	15,952,980	74%	13,771,116
Financial liabilities	77%	<u>17,572,053</u>	70%	13,751,458
Net		G (1,619,073)		19,658

Taking into account the following observations, the Bank estimates that a fluctuation of interest rates would not have a significant impact on the Group's income:

- 78% of the Bank's financial assets are at variable rates.
- 40% of financial assets at fixed rates are made of BRH Bonds which have a maximum duration of six months and 35% of one day investment overseas.
- 84% of the financial liabilities at fixed rates are made of term deposits which have a maturity of less than a year.

ii. Foreign exchange risk

Foreign exchange risk results from significant matching differences between the assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currency, which could lead to a long or short position impacted by the changes of the gourde versus the foreign currency.

The bank's policy has always been to maintain a minimal trading position. The policy in place forebids keeping speculative positions. The bank's trading position is sold daily.

As of September 30, 2009 and 2008, Unibank also complies with the requirement of the Central Bank which limits the porfolio of loans in US dollars to 50% of its liabilities in US dollars.

The Bank has foreign subsidiaries whose financial assets and liabilities are held in dollars.

(4) RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

C. MARKET RISK (CONTINUED)

ii. Foreign exchange risk (continued)

The table below presents the breakdown by currencies of the Bank's consolidated financial assets and liabilities and of its subsidiaries as of September 30:

September 30, 2009

(In thousands of gourdes)	١	Gourdes	Dollars	Other currencies	Total
Cash and cash equivalents	G	5,065,727	5,340,744	70,756	10,477,227
Investments and BRH bond	S	1,823,805	6,327,846	-	8,061,651
Credit, net		2,546,605	7,312,786	-	9,859,391
Other assets		376,578	815,323	184	1,193,901
Acceptances and					
letters of credit			398,028		398,028
Total financial assets	G	<u>9,812,715</u>	<u>20,106,727</u>	<u>70,756</u>	<u>29,990,198</u>
Deposits		10,355,061	16,477,038	46,849	26,878,948
Term borrowings		88,658	1,052,696	-	1,141,354
Term bonds		257,766	171,882	-	429,648
Commitments-acceptances					
and letters of credit		-	398,028	-	398,028
Subordinated debts		368,165	-	-	368,165
Other liabilities		405,939	971,726		11,377,666
Total financial liabilities	<u>1</u>	11,475,589	<u>19,071,370</u>	46,850	30,593,809
Assets (liabilities), net	G_	(1,662,874)	1,035,357	23,906	<u>(603,611)</u>

(4) RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

C. MARKET RISK (CONTINUED)

ii. Foreign exchange risk (continued)

September 30, 2008

			Other	
(In thousands of gourdes)	Gourdes	Dollars	currencies	Total
Cash and cash equivalents G	4,489,535	5,196,382	58,519	9,744,436
Investments and BRH bonds	2,843,585	5,128,114	-	7,971,699
Credit, net	1,840,906	6,792,114	-	8,633,370
Other assets	679,338	290,687	184	970,209
Acceptances and				
letters of credit		737,846		737,846
Total financial assets G	<u>9,853,364</u>	<u>18,145,493</u>	<u>58,703</u>	<u>28,057,560</u>
Deposits	9,140,759	14,892,033	47,969	24,080,761
Term borrowings	88,658	703,130	-	791,788
Term bonds	204,742	530,302	-	735,044
Commitments-acceptances				
and letters of credit	-	737,846	-	737,846
Subordinated debts	553,558	-	-	553,558
Other liabilities	329,717	1,022,394		1,352,111
Total financial liabilities	10,317,434	17,885,705	<u>47,969</u>	<u>28,251,108</u>
Assets (liabilities), net	464,070)	<u>259,788</u>	<u>10,734</u>	(193,548)

The foreign exchange rates for the different currencies compared to the gourde were as follows:

	2009	2008
As of september 30		
US Dollars	41.7737	39.9535
Euros	61.1066	56.2146
Average rates for the period		
US Dollars	40.7612	38.4063
Euros	60.2431	58.1500
As of december 31		
US Dollars	42.0193	-
Euros	60.2431	-

(4) RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

C. MARKET RISK (CONTINUED)

ii. Foreign exchange risk (continued)

If the exchange rate as of September 30, 2009 was the one from December 31, 2009, Unibank would have had a foreign exchange gain on the position held.

iii. Fair value of fixed assets and properties held for sale

With the exception of foreign investments for which the fair value is disclosed in **note 6**, the book value of financial assets and liabilities is equivalent to their fair value since they are mostly short-term.

D. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

Capital is defined as paid-in capital, reserves, retained earnings, minority interests and foreign conversion effects. The Bank periodically evaluates its return on capital and aims at paying reasonable returns to its shareholders while maintaining a sound capital position so as to maintain investors, creditors and market confidence and to sustain future development of the Group.

The Central Bank of Haïti (BRH) in its capacity as the regulator of all banks operating in Haïti, sets and monitors capital requirements. Banks must adhere to the following capital ratios under Central Bank circular 88:

Ratio of assets/capital. - A maximum multiple of 20 times between total risk-weighted assets plus some qualifying off balance sheet assets, and regulatory capital.

Ratio of capital/risk-weighted assets. – The ratio of capital to risk-weighted assets should not be less than 12%. Risk weighted assets comprise balance sheet and some off balance sheet assets to which specific risk weights are assigned.

Regulatory capital consists in:

- Tier 1 capital attributable to the ordinary shareholders. It excludes the revaluation reserve and the general reserve for loan losses.
- Tier 2 capital consisting of subordinated debt.

As of September 30, the ratios for UNIBANK were as follows:

	2009	2008
Ratios of risk-weighted asset/capital Ratio of capital/risk-weighted asset	12.08 18.80	10.79 22.01
Tutto of cupital/115K weighted asset	13.00	22.01

(5) CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND BRH BONDS

As of September 30, cash and cash equivalents are as follows:

(In thousands of Gourdes)	2009	2008
Cash	G 763,725	745,623
Deposits with BRH and BNC	8,482,578	7,500,046
Deposits in foreign banks	894,260	1,131,097
Items in transit, net	336,664	367,670
	G 10,477,227	9,744,436

Cash and deposits with BRH (Central Bank) and BNC (a state-owned commercial bank) are part of the cash reserve requirements on total liabilities that must be maintained in accordance with the related provisions of BRH (Central Bank) circulars. These deposits do not bear interest.

As of September 30, deposits in foreign banks represent overnight deposit accounts bearing average interest rates between 0.15% and 1.07% as of September 30, 2009 and 2008 respectively.

As of September 30, 2009 and 2008, deposits totaling G 4,567M (US\$ 109,335) and G 6,526M (US\$ 163,336) for Unitransfer International which operates in the USA and in Canada, have been pledged to the Banking Departments of the states. These deposits bear interest at rates between 0.80% and 4.20% as of September 30, 2009 and rates between 1.60% and 4.20% as of September 30, 2008.

As of September 30, deposits in gourdes and in foreign currencies are as follows:

(In thousands of Gourdes)	2009	2008
Deposits in gourdes	G 5,065,727	4,489,535
Deposits in foreign currencies	<u>5,411,500</u>	<u>5,254,901</u>
	G 10,477,227	9,744,436

As of September 30, 2009, BRH bonds bear interest rates ranging between 1.80% and 3.96% with maturity of 28 and 91 days. As of September 30, 2008, the interest rates varied between 8.00% and 14.00% with maturity of 91 days and 182 days.

BRH Bonds, net are as follows:

(In thousands of Gourdes)	2009	2008
Principal	G 1,800,000	2,844,000
Unearned interest	(3,579)	(24,298)
	G 1,796,421	2,819,702

UNIBANK S.A.
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

(6) <u>INVESTMENTS</u>

As of September 30, investments are as follows:

(In thousands of Gourdes)		2009	2008
Investments available for sale:			
Foreign investments at fair value through			
shareholders' equity (a)	G	2,774,291	2,235,785
Foreign investments at fair value			
through income (b)		1,599,087	600,379
Local investments (c)		27,384	23,884
`,		4,400,762	2,860,048
Investments held to maturity:		, ,	
Foreign investments (d)		1,763,174	2,201,495
Local investments (e)		101,294	90,454
,		1,864,468	2,291,949
Total investments	G	6,265,230	5,151,997

a) Investments available for sale at fair value through income are as follows:

(In thousands of Gourdes)		2009	2008
Corporate bonds:			
Fair value	\mathbf{G}	218,687	989,069
Maturity	1 to	o 38 months	5 days to 30 months
Interest rate		3.3%	4.8%
US treasury bills:			
Fair value	G	1,569,434	474,150
Maturity	4	to 88 months	1 day to 60 months
Interest rate		3.1%	3.4%
US treasury bonds:			
Fair value	\mathbf{G}	923,156	719,154
Maturity	1	to 58 months	14 days to 60 months
Interest rate		2.2%	3.8%
Investment in shares of international			
credit card companies	G	63,014	53,412
Total:			
Fair value	G	2,774,291	2,235,785

(6) <u>INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)</u>

b) Investments available for sale at fair value through shareholders' equity are as follows:

(In thousands of Gourdes)		2009	2008
US Treasury bonds:			
Cost	\mathbf{G}	995,554	40,874
Fair value	G	998,065	40,827
Maturity	8	days to 43 months	12 months
Interest rate		1.62%	1.65%
Federal Agency:			
Cost	\mathbf{G}	597,351	560,404
Fair value	\mathbf{G}	601,022	559,552
Maturity	1	days 56 months	2 to 29 months
Interest rate		1.94%	3.63%
Total:			
Cost	G	1,592,905	601,278
Fair value	G	1,599,087	600,379)
Unrealized holding gain (loss)	G	6,181	(899)

c) Local investments consist of corporate investments available for sale. The fair value of these investments is equivalent to cost.

(6) <u>INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)</u>

d) Held to maturity foreign investments are as follows:

(In thousand of Gourdes)	2009		2008
US Treasury bonds:			
Cost	G	83,547	802,746
Fair value		85,731	802,746
Maturity		16 months	2 days to 28 months
Interest rate		2.16%	1.43%
Federal Agency bonds:			
Cost	G	125,321	439,772
Fair value		125,269	440,742
Maturity	32	to 35 months	8 to 44 months
Interest rate		3.05%	3.32%
Unrealized holding loss			
on investments held to maturity	G	(2,132)	(970)
Term deposit	G	1,554,306	958,977
Interest rate	0.	76% to 3.68%	2.15% to 3.70%
Maturity	9	to 24 months	2 to 12 months
Total amortized cost	G	1,763,174	2,201,495

- e) Local investments held to maturity are as follows:
 - Bonds in US dollars of local companies with a fair value equivalent to cost. As of September 30, 2009, they have maturity ranging from 90 to 180 days, and bear interest between 3.75% and 5.00%. As of September 30, 2008, they had maturity ranging from 1 to 3 months, and bore interest rates between 3.80% and 5.00%.
 - A long-term bond of US\$ 2 million held in a local Financial Development Enterprise with maturity of 3 years, maturing in 2010, bearing interest rates of 4.41% and 5.79% as of September 30, 2009 and 2008.
 - Local corporate investments
- f) As of September 30, 2009 and 2008, foreign investments include amounts pledged as guarantee on letters of credit totaling G 2,327,021 million (US\$ 55,705M) and G 1,418,349 (US\$ 35,500M), respectively.

(7) <u>LONG-TERM CORPORATE INVESTMENTS</u>

As of September 30, long-term corporate investments are as follows:

(In thousands of Gourdes)	2009	2008
Long-term corporate equity accounted investments affiliated companies Other long-term corporate investments	G 1,587,622	873,020
presented at cost	$\begin{array}{c} $	<u>10,810</u> 883,830
EQUITY ACCOUNTED AFFILIATED COMPANIES		
(In thousands of Gourdes)	2009	2008
HAÏTI AGRO PROCESSORS HOLDING LTD.		
Total assets	G <u>1,986,001</u>	1,496,614
Total liabilities	G <u>525,023</u>	<u>591,527</u>
33.33% of Haiti Agro Processors Holding Ltd., Major shareholder of Les Moulins d'Haïti		
S.E.M., (through SNI Minoterie)	G 51,000	51,000
Share of retained earnings and reserves to date	289,894	<u>160,135</u>
	G 340,894	211,135
DISTRIBUTEURS NATIONAUX S.A. (DINASA) (a)		
Total assets	G <u>5,029,576</u>	2,373,782
Total liabilities	G <u>3,340,022</u>	1,084,184
110,000 voting common shares held by Unifinance		
representing 50% of the capital	G 275,000	275,000
Share of retained earnings and reserves to date	<u>569,364</u>	369,782
	G <u>844,364</u>	644,782
COMPHAITI S.A.		
Total assets	G <u>106,813</u>	_117,297
Total liabilities	G <u>48,801</u>	67,562
2,000 voting common shares with value of		
G 500 each, held by Unifinance, representing	G 1000	1 000
20% of the capital	G 1,000	1,000
Share of retained earnings and reserves to date	<u>8,776</u> G 9,776	8,295 9,295
	G <u>9,776</u>	9,295

(7) LONG-TERM CORPORATE INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

EQUITY ACCOUNTED AFFILIATED COMPANIES (CONTINUED)

(In thousands of Gourdes)	2009	2008
KEY EXPRESS (b)		
Total assets	G <u>10,743</u>	25,865
Total liabilities	G <u>8,033</u>	10,993
Ownership interest of 50% in this money		
remittance company	G 4,988	4,988
Share of retained earnings and reserves to date	<u>(4,249)</u>	2,820
	G <u>739</u>	<u>7,808</u>
INTERNATIONAL SUNRISE -PARTNERS LLP (c)		
Total assets	G 431,990	
Total liabilities	G <u>7,950</u>	
Ownership interest of 50% of a real		
estate investment	G 387,973	-
Share of retained earnings and reserves to date	<u> 3,876</u>	
	391,849	
Total long-term corporate investments		
in equity accounted affiliated companies	G 1,587,622	873,020

- **a)** Distributeurs Nationaux S.A. (DINASA) is a joint venture between Unifinance and another group each holding 50% of the capital. The two groups exercise joint control as of September 30, 2009 and 2008.
- **b)** Key Express is a company in which Unitransfer International has a joint control of 50%. It is registered in the Turks & Caicos islands in October 2005 and provides local and international transfer services, mainly to clients of the Dominican Republic and Haiti.
- c) International Sunrise Partners LLP is a company in which GFN International Limited holds 50% with another investor also holding 50%. Both parties exercise joint control on this entity as of September 30, 2009.

(7) <u>LONG-TERM CORPORATE INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)</u>

d) Shares of income attributable to equity accounted affiliated companies presented in the consolidated statement of income are as follows:

(In thousands of gourdes)		2009	2008
Haïti Agro Procesors Holding Ltd.	G	223,092	96,226
Dinasa		199,581	190,643
International Sunrise Partners LLP		3,876	_
CompHaiti S.A.		482	234
Key Express		<u>(7,069</u>)	2,820
	G	419,962	289,923
OTHER LONG-TERM CORPORATE INVESTMENTS	S – PRES	SENTED AT CO	<u>OST</u>
(In thousands of gourdes)		2009	2008
CORAIL S.A.			
Ownership interest of 18.5%	G	9,908	10,584
BANQUE DE L'UNION HAÏTIENNE			
400 voting commom shares with par			
Value of G 250 each		146	146
EDUCAT			
20 voting common shares with par			
Value of G 2,500 each		50	50
SOCIÉTÉ NATIONALE D'INVESTISSEMENT (SNI)			
200 voting shares with par value of G 100 each		20	20
PORT INTERNATIONAL DU SUD			
20 common voting shares of class C			
with value of G 3,000 each		<u>60</u>	60
	\mathbf{G}	10,184	10,860
Impairment provision		(50)	(50)
Long –term corporate investments, net		10,134	10,810

(8) <u>LOANS</u>

As of September 30, loans are as follows:

(In thousands of Gourdes)	2009	2008
Commercial and industrial loans	G 4,347,669	3,432,967
Overdrafts	2,020,037	2,147,597
Mortgage loans	1,380,280	1,285,979
Costumer loans	894,715	754,079
Credit card loans	586,229	501,073
Micro-entreprise loans	539,263	417,876
Loans to employees	130,390	127,867
Restructured loans	<u>5,541</u>	918
	9,904,124	8,668,356
Non-performing loans	50,310	81,227
	G 9,954,434	8,749,583

As of September 30, loans in US dollars and in gourdes are as follows:

(In thousands of Gourdes)		2009	2008
Loans in US dollars	G	7,368,362	6,858,651
Loans in gourdes		2,586,072	<u>1,890,932</u>
	\mathbf{G}	9,954,434	8,749,583

Effective interest rates on loans are as follows:

	2009	2008
In US dollars:		
Commercial loans and consumer loans	6.50% à 24%	7% à 16%
Mortgage loans	6.75% à 14.00%	7.5% à 14.50%
Credit card loans	17% à 40%	17% à 40%
Restructured loans	11%	-
In gourdes:		
Commercial loans and consumer loans	9% à 27%	11.0% à 27.5%
Mortgage loans	10% à 27.5%	13.0% à 27.5%
Credit card loans	24% à 40%	24% à 40%
Micro-entreprise loans	34.8% à 72%	34.8% à 72.0%
Restructured loans	-	26%
Loans to employees	5.5% à 9%	5.5% à 9.0%

(8) <u>LOANS (CONTINUED)</u>

Unrecorded interest on non-performing loans mentioned above amount to G 7,656M and G 9,020M as of September 30, 2009 and 2008, respectively.

Except for short term advances totaling G 995,434 and G 1,581,970 as of September 30, 2009 and 2008 with a maximum maturity of three months and for mortgage loans in gourdes and dollars issued for an average period of 15 and 12 years respectively, loans are repayable on demand.

Loans to Board members and their related companies amount to G 191,313M and G 157,978M as of September 30, 2009 and 2008 respectively. These loans bear average interest rates of approximately 10.05% and 12.80% for loans in gourdes, and of 8.52% and 9.00% for loans in US dollars, in 2009 and 2008, respectively.

The impairment provision has evolved as follows:

(In thousands of Gourdes)	2009	2008	
Balance at the beginning of year	G 116,213	145,734	
Impairment charge for the year	17,813	9,807	
Write-offs	(61,187)	(62,318)	
Recovery on written-off loans Effect of revaluation of impairment	19,029	13,159	
losses in US dollars	3,175	9,831	
Balance at the end of year	G 95,043	116,213	

Specific and general risks on the loan portfolio are covered as follows

(In thousands of gourdes)	2009	2008
Impairment provision General reserve for loan losses	G 95,043 122,809	116,213 77,500
	$G \qquad \overline{217,852}$	193,713

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(8) <u>LOANS (CONTINUED)</u>

As of September 30, aging classification of the loan portfolio is as follows:

September 30, 2009

$(In\ thousands\ of\ gourdes)$		Current	30-60 days	61-89 days	Total
Current loans					
Commercial and					
Industrial loans	G	4,270,727	59,898	17,044	4,347,669
Micro-enterprise loans		526,712	8,822	3,729	539,263
Credit card loans		480,155	23,750	82,324	586,229
Overdraft		2,019,121	916	-	2,020,037
Other loans		2,390,415	<u>7,590</u>	12,921	2,410,926
	G	9,687,130	100,976	116,018	9,904,124
(In thousands of gourdes)		90-120 days	121-180 days	181-360 days	Total
Non performing loans					
Commercial and					
industrial loans	G	- <u>-</u>	4,993	_	4,993
Micro-enterprise loans		5,814	6,951	135	12,900
Credit card loans		-	27,553	-	27,553
Overdraft		-	4,069	-	4,069
Other loans			<u>795</u>		795
	G	5,814	44,361	135	50,310
				G	9,954,434
<u>September 30, 2008</u>					
(In thousands of gourdes)		Current	30-60 days	61-89 days	Total
Current loans					
Commercial and					
industrial loans	G	3,420,586	12,381	_	3,432,967
Micro-enterprise loans	_	403,068	9,288	6,438	418,794
Credit card loans		408,729	79,917	12,427	501,073
Overdraft		2,147,595	-	2	2,147,597
Overarare					
Other loans		2,137,609	19,050	<u>11,266</u>	2,167,925

UNIBANK S.A.
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(8) <u>LOANS (CONTINUED)</u>

(In thousands of gourdes)	90-120 days	121_180 days	181-360 days	Over 360 days	Total
(In thousands of gourdes)	90-120 uays	121-100 days	101-300 uays	300 days	Total
Non performing loans					
Commercial and					
industrial loans G	-	-	15,040	-	15,040
Micro – enterprise loans	12,113	-	-	-	12,113
Credit Card loans	-	41,643	-	-	41,643
Overdrafts	-	178	-	-	178
Other loans	<u> </u>	4,804	4,081	3,368	12,253
G	12,113	46,625	19,121	3,368	81,227
				\mathbf{G}	8,749,583

As of September 30, these loans were covered by the following guarantees:

September 30, 2009

(In thousands of gourdes) Mortgages		ortgages	Cash collater	ral Other	r
	G <u>3,</u>	808,755	979,685	330,25	<u>6</u>
Current loans Non performing loans	3,8	802,654 6,101	979,685 -	330,250	6

September 30, 2008

(In thousands of gourd	es) Mortgages		(in thousands of gourdes) Mortgages		ortgages Cash collateral	
	G	3,095,832	<u>951,049</u>	<u>568,216</u>		
Current loans Non performing loans		3,030,852 64,980	951,049 -	568,216 -		

UNIBANK S.A.
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(9) <u>FIXED ASSETS</u>

During the year, fixed assets at cost have evolved as follows:

Cost		Balance as				Effect of	Balance as
(In thousands of Gourdes)		09/30/08	Acquisitions	Transfers	(Disposals)	conversion	09/30/09
T 1	<u> </u>	124.564		(1)			124.562
Land	G	134,564	-	(1)	-	-	134,563
Buildings		149,728	137	-	-	-	149,865
Furniture and equipments		421,384	48,137	(24,780)	(15,232)	525	430,034
Computer equipments		123,253	16,983	(44,583)	(106)	1,304	96,851
Software		28,940	9,856	(7,208)	-	318	31,906
Leasehold improvements		318,519	24,013	(11,352)	(107)	425	331,498
Vehicles		185,528	37,956	(19,153)	(6,724)	177	197,784
Investment in progress		280,233	126,107	(40,224)	(5,383)	-	360,733
Fully depreciated assets		361,402		<u>147,301</u>	(<u>21,879</u>)	<u>1,771</u>	488,595
	G	2,003,551	263,189	-	(49,431)	4,520	2,221,829

During the year, accumulated depreciation has evolved as follows:

Accumulated depreciation (In thousands of Gourdes)		Balance as 30/09/08	Additions	Transfers	(Disposals)	Effet of conversion	Solde au 30/09/09
Buildings	G	16,920	3,331	-	-	-	20,251
Furniture and equipments		174,554	69,650	(52,642)	(3,645)	324	188,241
Computer equipments		77,066	31,034	(52,898)	(84)	661	55,779
Software		13,963	10,474	(7,208)	-	417	17,646
Leasehold improvements		127,250	47,491	(17,843)	(1,158)	197	155,937
Vehicles		71,697	48,240	(16,710)	(3,655)	98	99,670
Fully depreciated assets		361,402		147,301	(<u>21,879</u>)	<u>1,771</u>	488,595
	G	842,852	210,220	-	(30,421)	3,468	1,026,119

(10) OTHER ASSETS

As of September 30, other assets are as follows:

(In thousands of gourdes)		2009	2008
Gourdes receivable on foreign currency			
forward contracts	G	384,467	553,558
Receivable from Dinasa (a)		292,416	-
Prepaid expenses		198,051	209,396
Goodwill, net (b)		103,900	49,094
Properties held for sale (c)		172,325	225,915
Interest receivable		90,443	131,912
Receivable from Unitransfer's USA Inc. agents		84,666	114,013
Advance to Fondation UNIBANK (d)		79,000	84,000
Advances to executives and managers		127,583	-
Stocks - Unitransfer Haïti		50,453	64,798
Advances to suppliers		32,357	39,684
Tax credit		13,555	12,234
Dividends receivable		8,049	-
Accounts receivable from related companies		290	2,859
Other		94,632	83,874
	\mathbf{G}	1,732,187	1,571,337

⁽a) This amount was received from Dinasa on October 9, 2009.

(b) As of September 30, net goodwill is as follows:

	2009	2008
\mathbf{G}	21,900	21,900
	53,695	-
	9,975	8,571
	85,570	<u>30,471</u>
	13,013	13,013
	5,976	5,976
	9,950	9,950
G	114,509	59,410
\mathbf{G}	(6,615)	(6,322)
	(1,681)	(1,681)
	<u>(2,313)</u>	(2,313)
\mathbf{G}	$(\overline{10,609})$	(10,316)
G	103,900	49,094
	G G	G 21,900 53,695

(10) OTHER ASSETS (CONTINUED)

During the year, accumulated amortization of goodwill has evolved as follows:

(In thousands of gourdes)		2009	2008
Balance at the beginning of year	G	10,316	9,821
Exchange effect – UNITRANSFER			
INTERNATIONAL		<u>293</u>	<u>495</u>
Balance at end of year	G	10,609	10,316

(1) This goodwill is the result of the acquisition of 50% of International Sunrise Partners, a foreign real estate company, for the sum of US\$ 4,000,000. The goodwill represents the excess of the acquisition price over the fair value of net assets acquired as follows:

(In thousands of gourdes)

Acquisition price	G	163,045
Net assets acquired – Real estate		<u>(109,350</u>)
Goodwill	G	53,695

(c) Properties held for sale have evolved as follows:

(In thousands of gourdes)		2009	2008
Balance at the beginning of year	G	225,915	250,805
Sales of the year		(53,590)	(24,992)
Properties received during the year			102
	G	172,325	225,915

Sales of properties resulted in a loss of G 2,590 in 2009 and a gain of G 1,443M in 2008.

- (d) The advance to Fondation Unibank does not bear interest. It will be amortized as a donation over a maximum period of 20 years. An amount of G 5 million was recorded as donation to Fondation Unibank during 2009, and G 6 million in 2008.
- (e) The advance to executives and managers is depreciated over a contractual period of five years, until 2014.

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(11) <u>DEPOSITS</u>

As of September 30, deposits are as follows:

(In thousands of gourdes)		2009	2008
Demand deposits:			
Gourdes	G	4,106,921	3,169,500
US dollars		6,098,897	5,526,414
Euros		46,849	47,969
	G	10,252,667	8,743,883
Savings accounts:			
Gourdes	\mathbf{G}	5,149,567	4,743,200
US dollars		7,164,418	6,156,409
	G	12,313,985	10,899,609
Term deposits:			
Gourdes	G	1,098,573	1,228,059
US dollars		<u>3,213,723</u>	3,209,210
	\mathbf{G}	4,312,296	4,437,269
Total deposits	G	26,878,948	24,080,761
Deposits in gourdes	G	10,355,061	9,140,759
Deposits in US dollars		16,477,038	14,892,033
Deposits in Euros		46,849	47,969
Total deposits	G	26,878,948	24,080,761
Average interest rates on deposits are as fo	ollows:		
		2009	2008
Demand deposits (overnight deposits):			
Gourdes		0.20%	0.50%
US Dollars		0.10%	0.50%
Demand deposits (Savings/Checking acco	unts):		
Gourdes		0.10%	0.25%
US Dollars		0.10%	0.25%
Savings accounts:			
Gourdes		0.10%	0.25%
US Dollars		0.10%	0.28%
Term deposits:			
Gourdes		0.58%	1.97%
US Dollars		0.40%	2.32%

(11) <u>DEPOSITS (CONTINUED)</u>

Pledged deposits amount to G 979,685 and G 951,049 as of September 30, 2009 and 2008, respectively.

Deposits from Board members and affiliated companies amounted G 294,927M and G 84,880M as of September 30, 2009 and 2008, respectively. These deposits were received in the normal course of business and bear interest at the bank's normal interest rates.

(12) <u>LONG-TERM DEBT</u>

As of September 30, long-term debt is as follows:

(In thousands of Gourdes)		2009	2008
Loans MCN (a)	G	88,658	88,658
Foreign loans-Unibank (b)		1,052,696	599,303
Loans ICO-MCN (c)			103,827
	G	1,141,354	791,788

(a) Based on an agreement dated August 19, 2004, Micro Crédit National obtained from the Government of the Federal Republic of Germany, through the Haitian Government, a loan of €1,765,930, equivalent to G 88,658M at the disbursement date.

The loan in local currency bears interest rate of 7.50% as of September 30, 2009 and 2008 and is to be reimbursed in 30 equal semi annual payments beginning in May 2010. Interests are payable semi-annually from May 2005.

- **(b)** Within the terms of established credit lines with its foreign correspondants, Unibank, as of September 30, 2009 contracted two short term loans with respective interest rates of 3.50% and 5.75% for a period of 2 to 30 days. These loans were reimbursed between October 1st and 28, 2009.
- (c) This loan of ICO was reimbursed in an anticipated manner in September 2009.

(13) <u>TERM BONDS</u>

As of September 30, term bonds, issued by Unicredit and Unicarte, in US dollars and in gourdes are as follows:

(In thousands of Gourdes)		2009	2008
Term bonds in gourdes	G	257,766	204,742
Term bonds in US dollars		171,882	530,302
	G	429,648	735,044

As of September 30, the term bonds are not transferable or convertible. Average interest rates on term bonds are as follows:

	2009	2008
Term bonds in gourdes	0.5%	2.5% à 10.0%
Term bonds in US dollars	0.5% à 4.0%	1.3% à 6.3%
Average maturity	1 an	1 an

(14) <u>OTHER LIABILITIES</u>

As of September 30, other liabilities are as follows:

(In thousands of Gourdes)	2009	2008
Foreign currency forward contracts (a)	G 384,467	553,329
Cashiers checks	222,357	248,481
Transfers payable	221,298	171,788
Accrued expenses	200,879	157,532
Taxes payable	98,486	47,777
Dividends payable	51,932	47,336
Bonus payable	51,331	41,025
Transfer payable – UNITRANSFER	47,243	2,783
Interest payable	10,937	16,667
Guarantee deposits on letters of credit	10,694	151
Deferred income taxes - land	4,396	4,396
Deferred income taxes relative to elements		
of extended results	2,124	-
Other	<u>71,521</u>	60,846
	G 1,377,665	1,352,111

(a) The Gourdes receivable on foreign currency forward contracts relates to contracts for the sale of currency for a total net amount of US\$ 9.4 million and US\$ 13.8 million as of September 30, 2009 and 2008, respectively. This amount is recorded in other assets (note 10).

(15) SUBORDINATED DEBT

Unibank has issued non transferable subordinated obligations, with the following terms for a total value of G 368,165M and G 553,558M as of September 30, 2009 and 2008, respectively:

- The obligations are issued in gourdes.
- The obligations are issued for a period of 10 years but are redeemable by anticipation after 5 years.
- Interest is paid monthly at an annual fixed rate for the first year and a variable rate to be reviewed semi-annually for subsequent years. The interest rate is equal to the BRH bonds rate with maturity of 91 days, increased by 1.00%.

Unibank is committed, by term contracts, to reimburse those obligations in US dollars at maturity at the exchange rate of issue date. As of September 30, 2009 and 2008, the effective interest rates on these contrats were 6.50% and 7.20%. The interest differences between the gourdes interest rates and the effective rate in dollars resulting from the revaluation of these contracts in US dollars are reflected in the consolidated statements of income and the consideration is reflected in other assets and liabilities.

Unifinance acts as a broker for the issuance of the obligations, manages the debt service, and is paid by Unibank a fee of 0.25% of the amount issued.

Board members' investments in these obligations amounted to G 15,407M and G 26,722M as of September 30, 2009 and 2008, respectively. These subordinated obligations bear interest rates of 6.01% in 2009 and 6.38% in 2008. Fondation UNIBANK holds G100 millions of obligations bearing interests at a rate of 5.60%

(16) PAID-IN CAPITAL

By decision of the Extraordinay General Assembly held on December 5, 2008 and effective as of September 30, 2008, the authorized paid-in capital of the Bank was increased to G 2 billion, representing 500,000 shares with a par value of G 4,000 each. As authorized by the Central Bank, the par value of each share was increased by G 2,500 by integration of legal reserve, paid-in surplus, and a part of the retained earnings.

(16) PAID-IN CAPITAL (CONTINUED)

As of September 30, the authorized and paid-in capital are as follows:

(In thousands of gourdes)		2009	2008
AUTHORIZED CAPITAL			
250,000 class A shares, with par value of			
G 4,000 in 2009, and in 2008 Each class A share has one voting right	G	1,000,000	1,000,000
Each Class A share has one voting right	J	1,000,000	1,000,000
250,000 class B shares, with par value of			
G 4,000 in 2009 and in 2008			
Each class B share has five voting rights		<u>1,000,000</u>	<u>1,000,000</u>
	G	<u>2,000,000</u>	<u>2,000,000</u>
UNPAID CAPITAL			
182,237 shares, class A in 2009			
and 184,625 shares in 2008	G	(728,948)	(738,500)
43,348 shares class B in 2009		, , ,	, , ,
and 43,824 shares in 2008		<u>(173,392</u>)	(175,296)
		<u>(902,340</u>)	<u>(913,796</u>)
PAID IN CAPITAL			
67,763 shares, class A in 2009 and			
65,375 shares in 2008	G	271,052	261,500
206,652 shares class B in 2009			
and 206,176 shares in 2008		826,608	824,704
	G	<u>1,097,660</u>	<u>1,086,204</u>
TREASURY SHARES			
5,307 shares, class A in 2009			
and 211 shares in 2008	\mathbf{G}	(21,228)	(844)
13,086 shares class B in 2009			
and 4,169 shares in 2008		(52,344)	(16,676)
		<u>(73,572</u>)	(17,520)
Net paid-in-capital	G	1,024,088	1,068,684

(17) SUBSIDIARIES AND MINORITY INTEREST IN SUBSIDIARIES

Group companies

Unibank is the parent company of the Group. Its interest in its subsidiaries is as follows:

	2009	2008
UNIFINANCE S.A.	<u>100%</u>	100%
UNITRANSFER INTERNATIONAL	<u>100%</u>	100%
UNITRANSFER S.A. (HAITI)	<u>100%</u>	100%
CAPITAL CONSULT S.A.	<u>100%</u>	100%
UNICRÉDIT S.A.	<u>100%</u>	100%
MICRO CRÉDIT NATIONAL S.A.	<u>100%</u>	100%
UNICARTE S.A.	<u>100%</u>	<u>100%</u>
IMMOBILIER S.A. (IMSA)	<u>100%</u>	<u>100%</u>
CENTRALE IMMOBILIÈRE S.A.	100%	<u>100%</u>
UNIASSURANCES S.A.	100%	100%
GFN S.A.	100%	
SNI MINOTERIE S.A. (a)		
Investment through UNIFINANCE	<u>60.87%</u>	60.40%

⁽a) SNI Minoterie S.A.'s main activity is its investment of 23.3% in Les Moulins d'Haiti SEM.

(17) SUBSIDIARIES AND MINORITY INTEREST IN SUBSIDIARIES (CONTINUED)

The results and net assets of these subsidiaries are as follows:

(In thousands of Gourdes)		2009	2008
UNIFINANCE S.A. (consolidated with SNI Minoterie)			
Total assets	\mathbf{G}	2,239,036	<u>1,216,214</u>
Total liabilities	\mathbf{G}	1,020,925	305,110
Net income for the year	\mathbf{G}	257,716	<u>195,788</u>
Net assets	G	<u>1,218,111</u>	911,104
UNITRANSFER INTERNATIONAL			
Total assets	\mathbf{G}	<u>503,588</u>	461,225
Total liabilities	\mathbf{G}	<u>121,239</u>	<u>117,908</u>
Net income for the year	\mathbf{G}	<u>17,795</u>	23,361
Net assets	G	<u>382,349</u>	<u>343,316</u>
UNITRANSFER S.A. (HAITI)			
Total assets	\mathbf{G}	<u>321,918</u>	430,795
Total liabilities	\mathbf{G}	<u>146,425</u>	<u>249,615</u>
Net loss for the year	\mathbf{G}	<u>(5,686</u>)	21,735
Net assets	G	<u>175,494</u>	<u> 181,180</u>
CAPITAL CONSULT S.A.			
Total assets	\mathbf{G}	<u>20,014</u>	<u>16,645</u>
Total liabilities	\mathbf{G}	<u>4,121</u>	5,611
Net income for the year	\mathbf{G}	<u>4,860</u>	<u>2,457</u>
Net assets	G	<u>15,893</u>	<u>11,033</u>
UNICRÉDIT S.A.			
Total assets	\mathbf{G}	<u>465,515</u>	<u>386,668</u>
Total liabilities	\mathbf{G}	<u>381,104</u>	<u>318,984</u>
Net income for the year	\mathbf{G}	<u>16,726</u>	9,902
Net assets	G	<u>84,410</u>	<u>67,684</u>
MICRO CRÉDIT NATIONAL S.A.			
Total assets	\mathbf{G}	<u>596,702</u>	<u>576,660</u>
Total liabilities	\mathbf{G}	<u>403,086</u>	453,385
Net income for the year	\mathbf{G}	<u>67,322</u>	30,865
Net assets	G	<u>193,616</u>	<u>126,275</u>
UNICARTE S.A.			
Total assets	G	<u>744,841</u>	<u>696,824</u>
Total liabilities	G	<u>474,134</u>	<u>465,725</u>
Net income for the year	G	<u>39,608</u>	23,758
Net assets	G	<u>270,707</u>	<u>231,098</u>

UNIBANK S.A.
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

(17) <u>SUBSIDIARIES AND MINORITY INTEREST IN SUBSIDIARIES (CONTINUED)</u>

(In thousands of Gourdes)	2009	2008
IMMOBILIER S.A. (IMSA)		
Total assets	G <u>37,768</u>	38,074
Total liabilities	G <u>1,985</u>	<u>1,471</u>
Net loss for the year	G <u>(820</u>)	<u>1,131</u>
Net assets	G <u>35,783</u>	36,602
CENTRALE IMMOBILIÈRE S.A.		
Total assets	G <u>89,810</u>	<u>218,757</u>
Total liabilities	G <u>8,182</u>	<u>142,462</u>
Net income for the year	G <u>5,333</u>	9,551
Net assets	G <u>81,628</u>	<u>76,295</u>
UNIASSURANCES S.A.		
Total assets	G <u>195,543</u>	<u>218,757</u>
Total liabilities	G <u>2,343</u>	
Net loss for the year	G <u>(2,611</u>)	<u>(4,189</u>)
Net assets	G <u>193,200</u>	<u>218,757</u>
GFN S.A		
Total assets	G <u>956,788</u>	
Total liabilities	G <u>1,950</u>	
Net income for the year	G <u>1,628</u>	
Net assets	G <u>954,838</u>	
SNI MINOTERIE S.A.		
Total assets	G <u>353,223</u>	<u>216,372</u>
Total liabilities	G <u>7,567</u>	
Net income for the year	G <u>218,888</u>	94,333
Net assets	G <u>345,656</u>	<u>216,372</u>

MINORITY INTEREST

As of September 30, minority interest in subsidiaries is as follows:

(In thousands of Gourdes)	2009	2008
SNI MINOTERIE S.A.		
Minority interest of 39.13%		
in 2009 and 39.60% in 2008:		
Initial cost of investment	G 28,900	28,900
Decrease in interest	(3,050)	<u>(1,998</u>)
	25,850	26,902
Share of results and reserves	109,572	59,520
Translation adjustment	404	<u>262</u>
	G 135,826	86,684

(18) <u>INCOME TAXES</u>

Income tax expense, including current and deferred income taxes, is calculated based on the consolidated income before income taxes and differs from the amounts computed using the statutory rates as follows:

(In thousands of Gourdes)		2009	2008
Income before income taxes	G	741,345	734,989
Share of income of Unitransfer Inc.,			
not taxable locally		(24,111)	(35,505)
Share of income of minority interest of SNI			
Minoterie, not taxable locally		(85,651)	(37,356)
Dividends received SNI Minoterie		<u>(64,358</u>)	(28,017)
Income before taxes, taxable locally		567,225	634,111
Income taxes using the statutory rates		170,168	190,233
Effect of items not included in taxable income:			
Difference between the impairment			
losses and the amount allowed for tax purposes		(27,175)	(23,422)
Transfer to legal reserve		(31,541)	(29,474)
Income taxes – Unitransfer Inc.		6,315	12,144
Tax on dividends paid		12,872	30,304
Other taxes		3,175	4,972
Income tax expense – current	G	134,354	184,757

The effect of income taxes relative to elements of comprehensive income is as follows in 2009:

Unrealized holding gain on foreign investments	G	7,979
Tax effect		(<u>2,124</u>)
Net holding gain	G	5,855

(19) <u>RETIREMENT SAVINGS FOR EMPLOYEES</u>

Beyond legal contributions to the mandatory Government Retirement Plan, the Bank and its subsidiaries contributed to the employees' retirement fund based on a variable contribution rate according to internal guidelines. This liability is supported by a savings deposit in \$US at the rate of 6.5%. The Group's contributions to this defined contribution retirement plan for the years ended 2009 and 2008 amount to G 15,161M and G 15,543M, repectively.

(20) SALARIES AND OTHER EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

Salaries and other employee benefits are as follows:

(In thousands of gourdes)		2009	2008
Salaries	G	635,492	578,720
Employees benefits		164,762	125,061
Other employee expenses		<u>172,370</u>	<u>179,587</u>
	G	972,624	883,368

(21) TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES

The main companies related to Unibank and its subsidiaries are as follows:

- Les Moulins d'Haiti S.E.M and Haiti Agro Processors Holding of which Unifinance owns 23.3% of the capital, through SNI Minoterie.
- CompHaïti of which Unifinance S.A. owns 20% of the capital.
- Distributeurs Nationaux S.A. (DINASA) of which Unifinance owns 50% of the capital.
- Fondation UNIBANK.
- International Sunrise Partners, of which Unibank through GFN owns 50% of the capital.

The balances of the transactions with these companies are as follows:

As of September 30

(In thousands of gourdes)		2009	2008
ASSETS			
Long-term corporate investments	G	1,195,044	731,445
Loans		437,173	454,053
Others			11
	G	<u>1,632,217</u>	<u>1,185,509</u>
LIABILITIES			
Deposits	G	690,672	109,336

(21) TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES (CONTINUED)

Durwing	4ha	*******
During	tne	vears

(In thousands of gourdes)		2009	2008
INCOME			
Interest income	\mathbf{G}	5,481	26,389
Interest expense		(1,500)	(809)
Other		<u>13,293</u>	12,342
	\mathbf{G}	17,274	37,922

In the normal course of business, the bank provides ordinary banking services to and receives services from related parties, at conditions similar to those applied to third parties.

Loans granted to employees, and members of the Board of Directors and their related parties are reflected in **note 8.**

Deposits and subordinated debts of employees, members of the Board of Directors and their related parties are reflected in **notes 11 and 15.**

Expenses incurred with related parties are as follows:

(In thousands of gourdes)		2009	2008
Rent	G	1,807	5,472
Others	G	34,149	43,286

(22) <u>COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENT LIABILITIES</u>

In the normal course of business, the Bank contracts various engagements and assumes contingent liabilities that are not reflected in the consolidated balance sheet.

a) As of the date of the financial statements, the Bank and its subsidiaries have also entered into several rental agreements. However, these agreements can generally be canceled with a six-month notice. Rental amounts to be paid over the next five years are as follows:

(In thousands of Gourdes)							
2010	G	65,866					
2011	G	46,125					
2012	G	44,751					
2013	G	31,477					
2014	G	22,866					

(22) COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENT LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

- **b)** Letters of guarantee issued as of September 30, 2009 and 2008 amount to G 322,859M and G 366,158M respectively.
- c) As of September 30, 2009, the bank is party to claims and lawsuits. According to the evaluation of the facts to date and based upon the opinion of legal advisors, the bank does not anticipate any settlements that could materially affect its consolidated financial position nor the consolidated results of its operations.

(23) EVENTS SUBSEQUENT TO BALANCE SHEET DATE (January 12, 2010)

On January 12, 2010, an intensive earthquake struck Haiti, mainly in the area of Port-au-Prince, causing extensive damage to a multitude of businesses in Haiti.

Unibank and its subsidiaries have suffered the loss of some human resources as well as damages to some buildings and equipment of the company and its subsidiaries. However, Unibank and its subsidiaries are adequately covered by insurance policies. The company's management was primarily concerned with the welfare of its employees and then implemented a structure to quickly resume operations for the public on January 21, 2010.

Management is currently proceeding with an inventory of the damages and will proceed within the deadlines required with the assessment of the overall loss and with the preparation of insurance claims.

In accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards, the financial consequences of the earthquake on the financial position and consolidated results of Unibank and its affiliates are not accounted because they have no impact on the consolidated financial situation at September 30, 2009 and their consolidated results for the year then ended. An assessment of the financial impact of this earthquake will be made, and will be reflected in the results and financial position in 2010.

UNIBANK S.A. Consolidated Balance Sheets September 30, 2009 and 2008 (Expressed in US Dollars)

(Dapressed in es Bonars)		2009	2008
ASSETS			
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	US\$	250,809,168	243,894,441
BRH (Central Bank) BONDS, NET		43,003,628	70,574,584
INVESTMENTS		149,980,259	128,949,826
LONG-TERM CORPORATE INVESTMENTS			
Affiliated companies		38,005,308	21,850,919
Others		<u>242,594</u>	270,540
		38,247,902	22,121,459
LOANS		238,294,298	218,994,155
Impairment provision		(2,275,197) 226,010,101	<u>(2,908,713)</u>
		236,019,101	216,085,442
FIXED ASSETS		E2 107 270	50 147 071
Fixed assets, at cost		53,187,270	50,147,071
Accumulated depreciation		(<u>24,563,777</u>) 28,623,493	<u>(21,095,827)</u> 29,051,244
		20,023,473	27,031,244
OTHER		0.530.107	10 467 600
Acceptances, letters of credit		9,528,196	18,467,623
Other assets		41,465,988 50,994,184	<u>39,329,111</u> 57,796,734
	TIOA		
	US\$	797,677,735	768,473,730
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY		CA2 AA1 0F0	c00 710 c70
DEPOSITS		643,441,870	602,719,678
LONG-TERM DEBT		27,322,316	19,817,747
OTHER			
Term bonds		10,285,139	18,397,461
Commitments – acceptances, letters of credit		0.530.100	19 467 632
and guarantees Other liabilities		9,528,189 32,979,243	18,467,623 33,842,081
Other habilities		52,792,571	70,707,165
GUDADDINATED DEDT		723,556,757	693,244,590
SUBORDINATED DEBT		8,813,320	13,855,077
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY			
Paid-in capital		26,276,341	27,186,705
Treasury shares		<u>(1,761,204</u>)	(438,510)
Paid in capital, net		24,515,137	26,748,195
Retained earnings		26,393,401	25,962,566
Other reserves		11,147,646	6,493,691
Shareholders' equity attributable to equity		62 056 104	50 004 450
holders of Unibank		62,056,184	59,204,452
Minority interest in subsidiaries		3,251,474 65,307,658	2,169,611 61,374,063
	TICA		
	US\$	797,677,735	768,473,730

UNIBANK, S.A. Consolidated Statements of Income Years ended September 30, 2009 and 2008 (Expressed in US Dollars)

	2009	2008
INTEREST INCOME		
Loans US\$	30,772,991	30,822,759
Investment and deposits	6,180,578	10,070,154
	36,953,569	40,892,913
INTEREST EXPENSE		
Deposits	996,145	2,635,881
Long-term debt and others	3,490,146	<u>4,404,160</u>
	4,486,291	7,040,041
NET INTEREST INCOME	32,467,278	33,852,872
Impairment charge for credit loss	<u>(437,015</u>)	(255,316)
	32,030,263	33,597,556
OTHER INCOME		
Commissions	24,437,459	23,466,689
Foreign exchange gain	5,466,292	5,711,136
Share of net income of equity accounted affiliates	10,476,415	7,548,092
Other	1,293,528	2,556,918
	41,673,694	39,282,835
NET INTEREST INCOME AND		
OTHER INCOME	73,703,957	72,880,391
OPERATING EXPENSES		
Salaries and other employee benefits	23,861,515	22,998,390
Premises and equipment	9,317,971	9,621,593
Depreciation	5,157,355	5,043,765
Other operating expenses	<u>17,179,582</u>	<u>16,081,281</u>
	55,516,423	53,745,029
INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAXES	18,187,534	19,135,362
INCOME TAXES - CURRENT	(3,296,132)	(4,810,130)
NET INCOME	14,891,402	14,325,232
Income attributable to the bank's		
shareholders	12,790,114	13,352,674
Income attributable to minority interest	2,101,288	972,558
NET INCOME	14,891,402	14,325,232
Net income per equivalent share of paid-in capital		
attributable to Unibank's shareholders US\$	49.77	49.47

UNIBANK, S.A.
Consolidated Statements of Changes in Shareholders' Equity
Years ended September 30, 2009 and 2008
(Expressed in thousands of US Dollars)

					Other reserves							
	Paid-in capital	Treasury shares	Paid-in surplus	Retained earnings	Legal reserve	Reserve for loan losses	Revaluation reserve- land	Holding reserve for hedging fixed assets	Unrealized loss gain on securities	Translation adjustment	Total	Minority interest in subsidiaries
Balance as September 30, 2007 and to October 1 st 2007, as restated	US\$ 11,196,040	(138,533)	10,361,311	25,738,732	6,171,934	1,099,465	684,731	-	41,089	1,063,176	9,060,395	1,853,565
Net income for the year	-	-	-	13,353,961	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	972,651
Cash dividends	-	-	-	(5,237,248)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(478,279)
Acquisition of shares	-	(39,837)	(225,801)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfer of paid in surplus to capital	9,589,202	-	(9,589,202)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfer of retained earnings to capital	2,240,485	(285,109)	-	(1,955,376)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfer from legal reserve to capital	5,846,514	-	-	-	(5,846,514)	-	-	-	-	-	(5,846,514)	-
Transfer to legal reserve	-	-	-	(2,558,105)	2,558,105	-	-	-	-	-	2,558,105	-
Translation effect for the year	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	546,950	546,950	6,807
Transfer to general reserve for loan losses	-	-	-	(976,402)	-	976,402	-	-	-	-	976,402	-
Unrealized investments loss of the year	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(62,332)	-	(62,332)	-
Translation adjustment	(1,685,536)	24,969	(546,308)	(2,402,996)	(424,483)	(136,112)	(61,221)	-	(1,260)	(116,239)	(739,315)	(185,133)
Balance as of September 30, 2008	US\$ 27,186,705	(438,510)	-	25,962,566	2,459,042	1,939,755	623,510	-	(22,503)	1,493,887	6,493,691	2,169,611
Net income for the year	-	-	-	12,790,114	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,101,287
Cash dividends	-	-	_	(5,407,497)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(873,345)
Sales of shares	281,052	-	421,578	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Acquisition of shares	-	(1,375,131)	(2,482,065)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(25,810)
Transfer of retained earnings	-	-	2,060,487	(2,060,487)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfer of retained earnings to capital	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfer from legal reserve to capital	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfer to legal reserve	-	-	-	(2,609,717)	2,609,717	-	-	-	-	-	2,609,717	-
Translation effect for the year	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,216,588	1,216,588	-
Transfer to general reserve for loan losses	-	-	-	(1,111,571)	-	1,111,571	-	-	-	-	1,111,571	-
Unrealized investments gain of the year	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	121,611	-	121,611	-
Translation adjustment	(1,191,416)	52,437	-	(1,170,007)	(170,418)	(111,462)	(27,168)	-	(1,992)	(94,492)	(405,532)	(120,269)
Balance as of September 30, 2009	US\$ 26,276,341	(1,761,204)	-	26,393,401	4,898,341	2,939,864	596,342	-	97,116	2,615,983	11,147,646	3,251,474